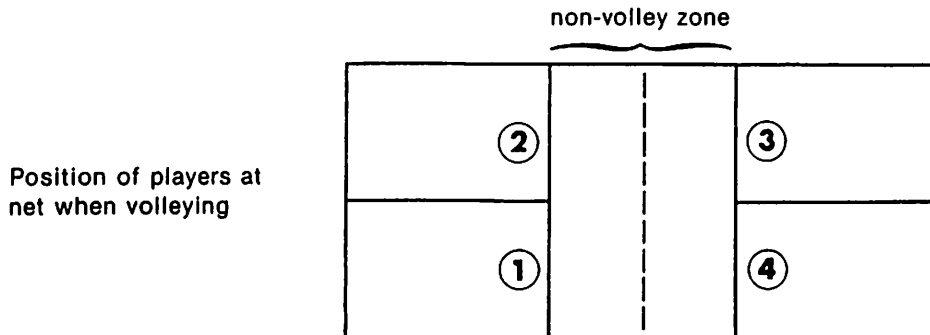
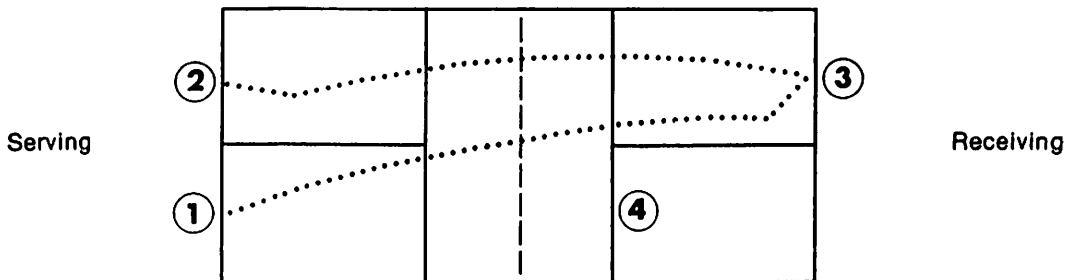


**OFFICIAL PICKLE-BALL® RULES**

1. **COURT**—The size of the court is 20' x 44' for both doubles and singles. The net is hung at 36" on ends, and hangs 34" in the middle. When laying out a court, allow adequate space at each end and sides of the court boundary lines for player movement. (Three to five feet on ends and one to two feet on sides.) However, it should be noted that many family's play Pickle-Ball with little or no back and side court and enjoy the game.
2. **SERVE**—Player must keep one foot behind the back line when serving. The serve is made underhand. The paddle must pass below the waist. The server must hit the ball in the air on the serve. He is not allowed to bounce it, then hit it. The service is made diagonally cross court and must clear the non-volley zone. Only one serve attempt is allowed, **except** if the ball touches the net on the serve and lands in the proper service court. Then the serve may be taken over. At the start of each new game, the 1st serving team is allowed only **one** fault before giving up the ball to the opponents. Thereafter both members of each team will serve and fault before the ball is turned over to the opposing team. When receiving team wins the serve, the player in the right hand court will always start play.
3. **VOLLEY**—To volley a ball means to hit it in the air without first letting it bounce. All volleying must be done with player's feet **behind** the non-volley zone line. **NOTE:** It is a fault if the player steps over the line on his volley follow through.

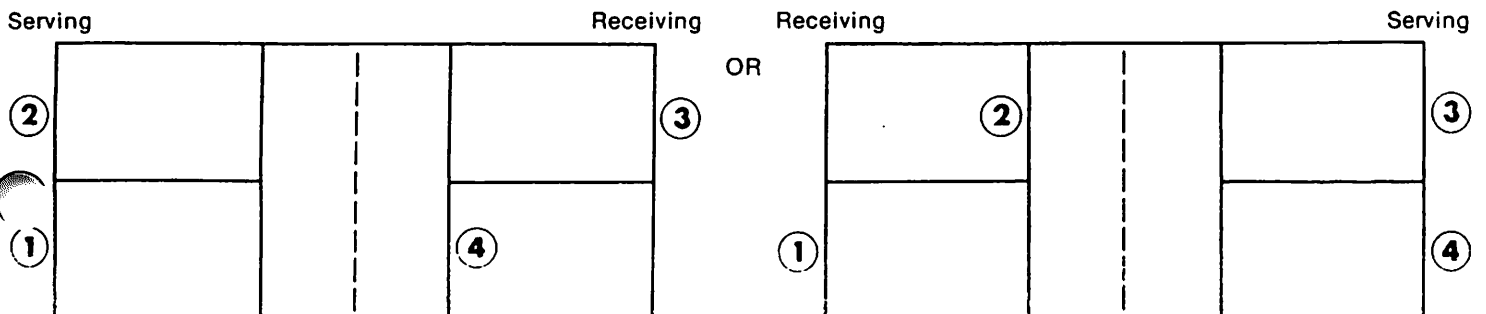


4. **DOUBLE BOUNCE RULE**—Each team must play their first shot off the bounce. That is, the receiving team must let the serve bounce, and the serving team must let the return of the serve bounce before playing it. After the two bounces have occurred, the ball can be either volleyed or played off the bounce.



5. **FAULT**—
  - a. Hitting the ball out of bounds;
  - b. Not clearing net;
  - c. Stepping into the non-volley zone and volleying the ball;
  - d. Volleying the ball before it has bounced once on each side of the net as outlined in rule 4.
6. **SCORING**—A team shall score a point only when serving. A player who is serving shall continue to do so until a fault is made by his team. The game is played to 11 points; however, a team must win by 2 points.

**1. POSITION OF PLAYERS FOR DOUBLES AT START OF GAME**

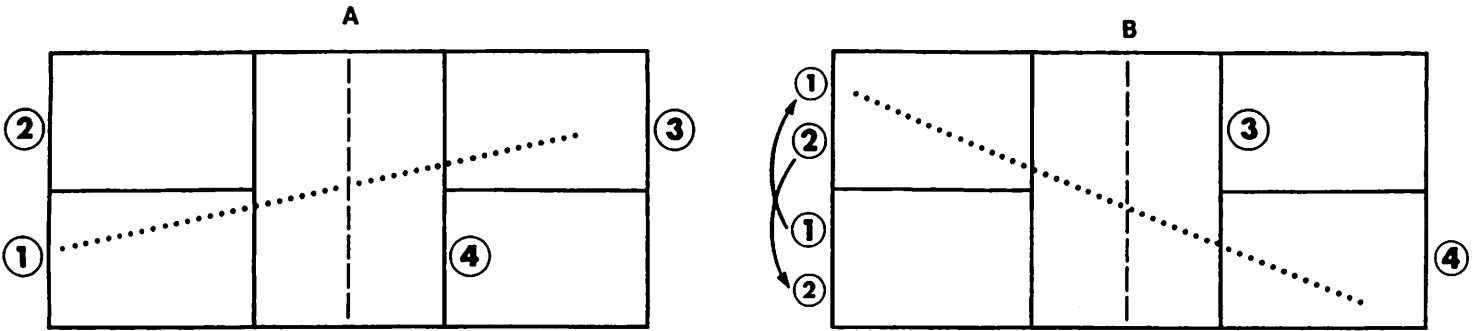


2. **DETERMINING SERVING TEAM**—Players may toss a coin or rally the ball until a fault is made. Winner of the toss or rally has the option of serving first or not serving first.

3. **DOUBLES PLAY**

A. Player in **RIGHT HAND** court (1) serves diagonally across court to receiver (3) in opposite **RIGHT HAND** court. The ball must clear the non-volley zone and land in the **RIGHT HAND** serving court. The receiver (3) must let the ball bounce before returning the serve. Serving team must also let the return bounce before playing it. (Rule #4 Double Bounce Rule). After the two bounces have occurred, the ball may then be either volleyed or played off the bounce until a fault is made.

B. If the fault is made by the receiving team, a point is scored by the serving team. When the serving team wins a point, its players will switch courts and the same player will continue to serve.

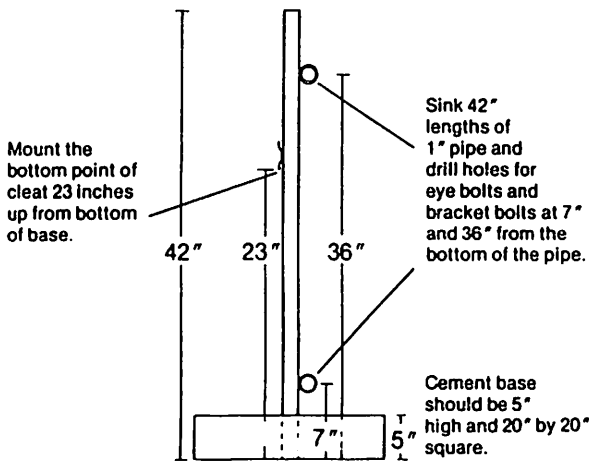


When the serving team makes its first fault, players will stay in the same court and the second partner will then serve. When they make their second fault they will stay in the same courts and turn the ball over to the other team. Players switch courts only after scoring. A ball landing on any line is considered good.

4. **SINGLES PLAY**—All rules apply with the following exception: When serving in singles, each player serves from the **RIGHT HAND** court when his score is 0 or an even number, and from the **LEFT HAND** court when his score is odd numbered.

**BRIEF HISTORY, BUILDING YOUR COURT AND PORTABLE NET STANDARDS**

Pickle-Ball was created during the summer of 1965 on Bainbridge Island — a short ferryboat ride from Seattle, Washington. The original purpose of the game was to provide a sport for the entire family according to the co-inventors U.S. Congressman Joel Pritchard, William Bell, and Barney McCallum. Initially, families played Pickle-Ball in their backyards on a hard surface, on driveways, and on residential dead end streets. Since the mid-1970's Pickle-Ball has grown and expanded from a family activity game to a net court sport with formalized rules and is currently being played in thousands of educational institutions, parks and recreation centers, correctional facilities, health clubs, corporate fitness centers, and on multi-purpose courts at family residences.



1. Court Size — Playing dimensions - 20' x 44'. Ideal Pad Surface Size - 22' x 54'. Court diagonals - 48' - 4".
2. Net standards should be set one foot from the outside court sidelines in the center of the court.
3. The lines should be made 2" wide and fall on the inside of the length and width measurements. The Non-Volley Zone line is made inside the 7' measurement. The center line should split center measurement, but does not pass through the Non-Volley Zone.
4. Only official Pickle-Ball equipment will be utilized during Pickle-Ball tournaments sanctioned by the U.S. Pickle-Ball Association.